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Protocol Development | CTEP

Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (CTCAE) v5.0 CTCAE v5.0 Clean, Tracked, and Mapping Document (Excel) (November 27, 2017) CTCAE v5.0 Quick Reference 5x7 (PDF) (November 27, 2017)

Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events

Version 3.0 Cancer Therapy Evaluation Program 10/22/2003. Cancer Therapy Evaluation Program Public Health Service National Institutes of Health National Cancer Institute Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (CTCAE) - Glossary Report Bethesda, Maryland 20892 2 of 34 -- A --accentuation achalasia acrocyanosis acute infusion reaction ADD ADH ADL ADL Adverse Event (AE) aerodigestive

CTEP - National Cancer Institute

Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (CTCAE) Version 5.0 Published: November 27, 2017 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES National Institutes of Health National

UpToDate

The National Cancer Institute (NCI) of the National Institutes of Health (NIH) has published standardized definitions for adverse events (AEs), known as the Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (CTCAE, also called "common toxicity criteria" [CTC]), to describe the severity of organ toxicity for patients receiving cancer therapy.

Clinical review: Serious adverse events associated with ...

By mid-2011, 12,448 adverse events (AEs) associated with rituximab use were publicly reported to the FDA; of these, febrile neutropenia, pyrexia, pneumonia, and anemia were the most common . Rituximab had been implicated as the suspect drug leading to death in 476 cases .

NCI_CTCAE (Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events ...

Authority The U.S. National Cancer Institute (NCI) produces the Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (CTCAE). Purpose CTCAE aids the reporting of adverse events that occur to patients enrolled in cancer therapy clinical trials.

BOXIT A Randomised Phase III Placebo-controlled Trial ...

Time-to-event endpoints were summarised using Kaplan-Meier methods. Treatments were compared by the strati ed log-rank test, and effect was estimated by strati ed Cox models.

Erlotinib and Standard Platinum-Based Chemotherapy

for ...

Toxicities are assessed according to the National Cancer Institute's Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events, version 3.0. Toxicities are reported as the number of patients who experienced grade 3 or grade 4 adverse events after receiving at least one dose of on-study treatment.

R&D Resources - Terminology Resources - National Cancer ...

NCI Enterprise Vocabulary Services (EVS) Terminology plays an important role in NCI's research, clinical, and information efforts. NCI is working with many partners to create and publish controlled terminology that can help develop and communicate information useful to scientists, clinicians, patients, and the public.

Long-term Peripheral Neuropathy in Breast Cancer Patients ...

The National Surgical Adjuvant Breast and Bowel Project Protocol B-30 was a randomized trial comparing sequential doxorubicin (A) and cyclophosphamide (C) followed by docetaxel (T) (AC T), concurrent ACT, or AT in women with node-positive, early-stage breast cancer.

Increased Risk of Recurrence After Hormone Replacement ...

Hormone replacement therapy (HT) is known to increase the risk of breast cancer in healthy women, but its effect on breast cancer risk in breast cancer survivors is less clear.

Atezolizumab in Treating Patients With Recurrent BCG ...

Incidence of adverse events assessed by National Cancer Institute Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (CTCAE) version 4.0 [Time Frame: Up to 18 months] Qualitative and quantitative toxicity assessment will be provided using CTCAE reporting.

"Breast Cancer Treatment - National Cancer Institute"

Breast cancer is the most common noncutaneous cancer in U.S. women, with an estimated 63,960 cases of in situ disease and 266,120 cases of invasive disease in 2018. Thus, fewer than one of six women diagnosed with breast cancer die of the disease.

Talimogene Laherparepvec in Treating Patients With Non ...

Incidence of treatment-related toxicities according to National Cancer Institute Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events version 4.03 (Dose escalation) [Time Frame: Up to 2 years] The distribution for the maximum observed grade for each adverse event will be tabulated

and reported with 95% confidence interval.